Renaissance and Reformation

The years 1350 to 1600 were a time of new ideas in government, art, scholarship, and religion. The Renaissance began as Italian intellectuals revisited the Greek and Roman cultures. The Reformation spread new ideas in religion.

**DIRECTIONS:** The outline below lists five cultural areas in which innovations, as well as rediscoveries of techniques that had fallen into disuse, occurred. Under each heading, write the innovations and rediscoveries, selecting from the following list.

- Petrarch is called the father of Italian Renaissance humanism.
- Architects used columns and arches to create a human-centered environment.
- Artists created lifelike, freestanding statues.
- Humanists wrote in the vernacular.
- Using new techniques, artists made paintings more lifelike.
- Reformers removed decorations from Protestant churches.
- Protestantism was born as a result of Luther’s conflicts with the Catholic Church.
- With a new method of printing, books became more widely available.
- Northern European painters developed the technique of painting in oils.
- The Catholic Reformation began in reaction to the spread of Protestantism.

**Innovations and Rediscoveries**

**A. Painting**
1. 
2. 

**B. Architecture**
1. 
2. 

**C. Sculpture**
1. 

**D. Literature**
1. 
2. 
3. 

**E. Religion**
1. 
2. 